HEARING THE VOICE OF GOD

INTRODUCTION

The following is a short list of what will be covered in this lesson.

Hearing God's voice through:

- His Audible voice
- Dreams and Visions
- Inner Witness
- Thoughts and Impressions
- His Word
- Prophetic Utterances
- Gifts of the Holy Spirit

| | INTRODUCTION (CONTINUED) |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Genesis 3:8 | |
| John 10:4 | |
| These verses intr | oduce us to God speaking to man |
| He speaks but all | too often are not listening. In fact, God is always speaking. |
| Jesus said, "My s | sheep know my voice." |
| To know God's v seek <u>Him</u> . | voice and to obey is to <u>never</u> be deceived, which is possible to those who |
| • | eaks by His Spirit, and what He says goes against what we want to do. nore Him and simply say to ourselves, "That is not God". |
| they are the only | ose precious believers who have arrived at the place that they feel that ones that hear God. <u>This</u> is dangerous. Tragically, many pastors and le their congregations feel this way, resulting in lack of spiritual growth on dear souls. |
| | of Patmos (in Revelations), heard this phrase over and over, "He that has thim hear what the Spirit says to the Churches." God's voice must be in <u>His Will</u> . |
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| 1. | | GOD'S WILL IS ENFORCED BY HIS WORD AND HIS VOICE Hebrew 10:36 | | | | |
|----|---|--|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | A) | God's will is: His word, nature and pla | n applied | | | |
| | | His will is in His: | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Love | Salvation Peace | | | |
| | | Forgiveness Health and Healing (3 John 2) | Unity of Believers | | | |
| | | Abundance and Provision | Power | | | |
| | | Victory | Fruitfulness | | | |
| | | Holiness | Fulfillment | | | |
| | | Joy | Liberty | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | B) | B) God has placed five (5) ministry gifts in the church to "equip the saints." Ephesian 4:11-13 | | | | |
| | | These gifts can assist you in hearing God's Voice, but <u>no one</u> and <u>nothing</u> replaces your relationship with God and the Holy Spirit. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | The Holy Spirit will "seed your thoughts". He will bring "impressions" in your "spirit eyes". | | | | | |
| | God speaks in many ways. He will always speak to you at a level you can understand. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | For Example: | | | | |

| • At your level of faith. |
|--|
| • At your level of growth, spiritually |
| 2) THE AUDIBLE VOICE |
| Now, understand this; God rarely speaks in and audible voice. <u>But, He can.</u> |
| A) Examples of God's audible voice in the Old Testament: Genesis 3:8 - Adam and Eve Genesis 7 - Noah Genesis 12 - Abram Exodus 3:4 - Moses 1 Samuel 3 - Samuel |
| There are myriads of references in the Old Testament where God spoke audible and others standing nearby heard the same thing as the one God was addressing. |
| Understand this: When God speaks whether audible or within, He has a specific purpose for His voice being heard. |
| B) Examples of God's audible voice in the New Testament |
| Matthew 3:16-17 |
| Matthew 17:5 |
| John 12:28-29 |
| Acts 9:1-8 |
| There are numerous places in the New Testament where God's voice could be heard. |
| Note: Every time Jesus opened His mouth; this was God's voice. (God, the Son) |
| 4 |

| 3) D | REAMS AND VI | ISION | S |
|------|------------------|---------|--|
| Jo | pel 2:28 | | |
| ٨ |) Evennles of Dr | eoma. | and Visions in the Old Testament |
| Л |) Examples of Di | cams | and visions in the Old Testament |
| | Genesis 15: 1 | - | Abram |
| | Genesis 28: 10 | - | Jacob |
| | Genesis 31 | | |
| | Genesis 41 - | | Joseph in Prison Pharaoh's Dream |
| | Genesis 46: 2 - | • | |
| | Numbers 13: 6- | • | |
| | 1 King 3:5 - | - | Solomon |
| | Ezekiel 32 - | - | Valley of Dry Bones |
| | Christian books | writte | re a method of revelation. There are numerous secular or non- en on this subject, but these <u>do not</u> reveal dreams or visions on a nust be very careful as to not let "mind power" or "soul power" take |
| | over what God | is tryi | ng to say. |
| В |) Examples of Dr | eams | and Vision in the New Testament |
| | Acts 9:10 - | | Ananias and Saul (Paul) |

| | Acts 10: 9-33 - Peter (Vision of Unclean Beast) |
|----|--|
| | Acts 16:9 - Paul (Concerning Macedonia) |
| | There are numerous references throughout the New Testament where God spoke His plan by dreams and visions. |
| C) | Dreams and Vision are given as a "Point of Reference or Faith" |
| | For Example: when trial or attack from your enemy or persecution comes, you know what the dream or vision is and now you have got something to hold on to. Reference Point of Faith. |
| | There are to show and inspire or direct. |
| D) | Vision – A direct illumination from God. It can come while awake or asleep. |
| | 1) Visions can be given to prepare one for a task or a ministry. |
| | Acts 10:9-19 |
| | Peter's preparation for ministry to the Gentiles. This vision became a reference point for his faith when persecution came. |
| | 2 Corinthians 12:1-4 |
| | Paul's Vision |

| | Note: Many people have "out of body" experiences. Be careful of those who say they have them often! |
|----|--|
| 2) | The vision comes in your "soul realm". Your spirit becomes the projection by the illumination of the Holy Spirit indwelling in you. Your understanding becomes the screen. |
| | Ephesians 3:20 |
| | For example: In your mind's eye, you are seeing something you do not normally see. |
| | God will always, at some point give confirmation of the vision. |
| 3) | God uses your "harnessed imaging source". Be careful that you do not let your soul overpower your spirit. |
| | The soul consists of your mind, will, desire and intellect. |
| | An example of a vision or envision in the soul is when someone says, "Church", "Jesus", "Devil", etc., what do you see? |
| 4) | Paul 's vision in Acts 16:4-13 could have been while he was: |
| | 1) Awake |
| | 2) In prayer |
| | 3) Asleep |
| | "A dream interpreted is a night vision". |
| | Remember: The vision becomes a faith reference point for you when difficulties arise. |

Example: When you have stepped out in faith to do a work for God and "all of hell" seems to rise against you.

You have prayed and believed and seen your loved one saved in your mind's eye, but

NOTE: Be careful that you do not try to have visions. Those will not be from God.

There is "spiritual imaging" which gives faith.

For Example: "If you can see it, you can conceive and do it", with God's help.

NOTE: A true vision is "a direct illumination from God.

5) Some dreams and vision come due to:

they get worse instead of better.

- a) Our state of mind
- b) Problems we are facing
- c) Fears
- d) Tasks before us

Be careful attributing these to being from God.

LESSON II - VOLUME I

HOW DOES GOD SPEAK?

1) INNER VOICE AND CONSCIENCE

There is much controversy on this subject among religious people and especially "Leaders" because they do not understand it, and if they do not understand it, they do not want the congregation to understand it.

- A) The inner voice is
 - 1) Inner witness
 - 2) Quickening (Like a rush or surge)
 - 3) A rush of emotion
- B) Conscience is Consciousness.

Conscience:

- Is the capacity within to know right from wrong.
- Is "a warning system" or a "radar system to protect".
- Warns before the "fact" or "act".
- Does not argue, but "agrees" or "disagrees"

Hebrews 9:14

Hebrews 10:22

Heart and conscience are coupled together.

NOTE: The Holy Spirit will interrupt wrong messages from conscience.

C) Inner Voice of Witness

Note: Just as we have fine natural senses to relate to the natural world, we have spiritual senses to relate to the spiritual world or realm.

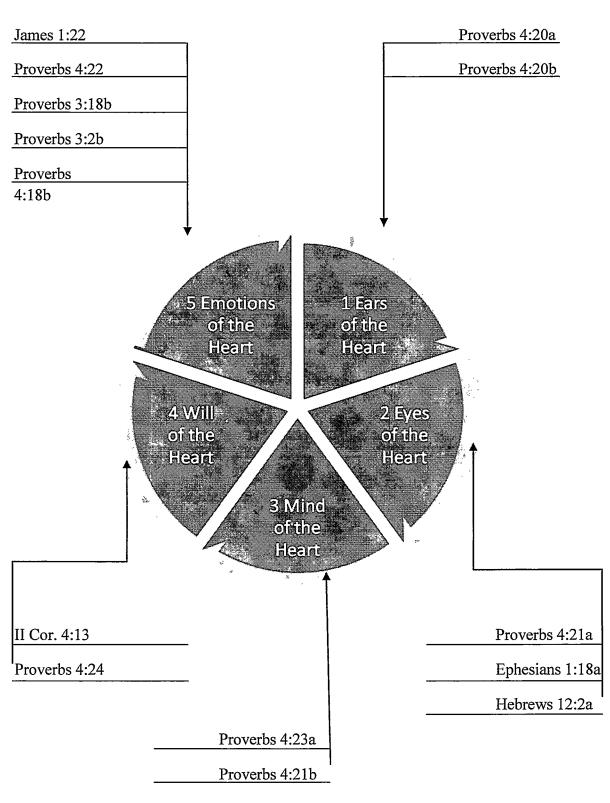
| Natural Senses | Spiritual Senses |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Hearing | Inner Hearing (ear) |
| Seeing | Inner Eyes |
| Touching | Mind of the Spirit |
| Tasting | Will of the Spirit |
| Smelling | Emotions of the Spirit |
| 1 77 1 '11 11 14 '11 22 14 | * |

- 1) You hear with the "spirit ear" or "inner voice" out of your spirit man.
- 2) Even those who do not know the Lord are still "subject to" or "directed" by conscience.

Consciousness = "Conscience of good or evil, right or wrong, should or should not.

- 3) Intuition is commonly or most popular used in terms of "a woman's intuition".
 - a) Caution; "inner witness", "inner voice" is not "suspicion". <u>Suspicion</u> leads to "accusation". <u>Accusation</u> leads to embarrassment and hurt.

TURNING LOGOS INTO RHEMA



| D) | 1Peter 1:13-14 | |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Mind translates "soul or intellect". | |

- v.14 A paraphrase could be "not training the new man of the heart, the old way.
- v.15 "Conversation" another translation of this word is "conscious behavior in words".

E) The inner voice will speak in

- 1) Confirmation
- 2) A check or feeling of stop or go.
- 3) In line with God's word.

NOTE: When God is speaking through "the inner voice", it can be interrupted easily or overridden by other thoughts. That is why we must "learn to discern".

God speaks clearly, distinctly and precisely.

LESSON III – VOLUME I

HOW DOES GOD SPEAK?

1) THOUGHTS OR IMPRESSIONS

REMBER: We can be taught how God speaks, but to learn to "hear Him" must become a personal experience.

Too many of God's people are wanting someone else to "hear" for them. This is dangerous.

REMEMBER: He says that which is important and worth remembering.

He always goes right to the point, to the heart of the matter. He will always <u>comfort</u> and <u>encourage</u>, even if His message is one of rebuke.

A) Examples of Thoughts in the New Testament

I Peter 1:13-14

Romans 12:2 (Garbage in, garbage out.)

Philippians 2:5

Philippians 4: 7-8

NOTE: We are not including all the scriptures on this topic that could be used, but only enough to give you understanding.

B) Thoughts

Thousands of thoughts go through the mind and intellect daily. Some thoughts remain, other simply pass through. Thoughts that stay are stored in our subconscious and at later time are remembered and acted on or dismissed. 1) Two (2) ways to view thoughts: A) "Thoughts are seeds of deeds not yet done which contain success, etc." B) "Thoughts are seeds from deeds done, which had consequence, whether good or bad." 2) Thoughts influence decisions. Decisions set the course for action or for life. Thoughts are "impressions" in or on the mind or an awareness. C) Thoughts versus Inner Voice Thoughts and the inner voice are very similar: 1) Difference between inner voice and thoughts.

Inner voice: When God speaks through this channel you actually feel:

A) A rush inside B) Excitement or C) Cringe, etc. Thoughts: (That are seeds of God) come often and most of the time very gentle. An alert comes before He speaks in our thoughts; there is a sense of "peace" or "awareness" of His presence. We find ourselves then beginning to receive impressions that are different from our normal thought patterns. 2) During WWII in Europe, as well as in the USA civil defense sirens would sound, bringing a warning before an air raid or even a drill. At that point, people dropped what they were doing to respond. 3) Examples of alert: a. Restlessness b. A surge of power or quickening within c. A burden to pray d. A feeling as though you want to weep, etc. When God speaks through thoughts, it is something you have previously not thought of OR Something you have thought on and forgotten. 4) Ester 6:1 – This story conveys how God spared His people by impressing on the king's mind and made him restless.

one sure way to know it is Him.

God's voice in our thoughts will conflict with "human reasoning". That is

| D) | When | the | Enemy | S | peaks |
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Let us not forget the enemy of our soul who also speaks in our thoughts.

These "thoughts" are suggestions, not commands, for the devil cannot command anything.

- A) The devil will "suggest" or "accuse".
 - 1) Guild and condemnation
 - 2) Fear
 - 3) Fear of: loss, sickness, failure, etc.
 - 4) Justifying anger or unforgiveness
 - 5) Pride
 - 6) Suspicions
 - 7) Accusation

Romans 10:17 – "Faith comes by hearing..." this can work in the negative as well as the positive.

E) Training Our Mind

Our mind needs to be trained to hear.

Romans 12:1-2

Read Again

Proverbs 16:3, 9

Amplified Bible

Psalms 45:1

Psalms 39:3

Joshua 1:8

As you meditate, after prayer or during prayer, listen. God will <u>speak</u> your thoughts.

| Не | will seed your thoughts with His. |
|----|--|
| 1) | "Why did you doubt?" |
| | Matthew 14:22, 25:31 |
| | Doubt – translates as "double" (root word), as to "double think" or "think twice". |
| | James 1:8 |
| 2) | We are <u>not</u> robots. We live normal lives, but when God wants to speak, He will interrupt our <u>normal</u> . |
| | For example: You need to know what to do. You have believed, now, go on about your routine, and listen. |
| | The <u>thought</u> of: |
| | a) What to do |
| | b) How to do |
| | c) When to do |
| 3) | Luke 24:31-38 – Their thoughts troubled them. |
| 4) | Meditation is another way God speaks to our thoughts. |
| | Joshua 1:8 Read again |
| | Psalms 19:14 Psalms 104:34 |
| | Psalms 77:12 |

Many of God's people are afraid of "meditation". God is the one that gave it as a vehicle toward obedience and successful action. But, the devil has perverted it.

REMEMBER: Our enemy, Satan, has never been an original in the things he says. He takes what is truth and perverts it.

A) An example of meditation God's way.

You sit totally quiet, remembering how good God has been; how He has moved for you; what His word says to you and about you. Then, suddenly, your thoughts become filled with an awesome peace and the calm, yet a powerful voice comes in your thoughts, directing or encouraging you.

B) David mediates:

2 Samuel 7:18

David laid aside battle plans, government plans and began to contemplate, meditate, on how to build God's temple.

C) Matthew 13:3 - "Thoughts" can be seen here.

Thoughts are seeds.

For example: God seeds our mind with His thoughts, but our enemy stands by to steal them as we <u>speak</u> them.

| | WARNING: Do not try to hear God in your thoughts, let Him, allow him to come in. |
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| | Saiah 55:8-9 – Old Covenant |
| | 1 Corinthians 2:16 – New Covenant |
|] | There are multitudes of scriptures on this subject. Look them up and study them. |
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LESSON IV – VOLUME I

HOW DOES GOD SPEAK?

| 1) | HIS WORD | | | | | |
|----|--|--------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Romans 15:4 - | Read | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | John 10:1-5 | | | | | |
| | There are many voices in the land and unless we "know God's voice" | | | | | |
| | A) He speaks and | | | | | |
| | B) When He speaks | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | We could be swept away in deception if we do not know His voice. | | | | | |
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| | A) The Word: | | | | | |
| | 1) T | | | | | |
| | 1) Logos – written word; "said word". | | | | | |
| | 2) Rhema – spoken word; living word; or "saying word". | | | | | |
| | NOTE: | God word is: | His wisdom His thoughts | | | |
| | | | His instruction | | | |
| | | | His heart | | | |
| | Romans 15:4- | Read Again | | | | |
| | 1 Corinthians 10:11 | | | | | |

| B) | The Same Today | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | Words written nearly 2,000 years ago still speak loudly today. | | | |
| | 1) | God brings life or a quickening on or to a verse or context of scripture. | | |
| | The Quickening – "A rush within". | | A rush within". | |
| | | For Example: That verse now becomes "Rhema" or "the saying word". | | |
| | | A) Rhema is: | "Living Word" | |
| | | | "Saying Word" | |
| | | | "A specific word"to | |
| | | | "A specific person"for | |
| | | | "A specific situation" | |
| | | Romans 10:17 - | Read | |
| | 2) | "Quickening" on th | e word read | |
| NOTE: We must be careful that "traditional doctrine" does not interf what God is saying by Rhema word. | | | | |
| | For example: Trying to fit what He says in the framework of what we thin believe. | | g to fit what He says in the framework of what we think or | |
| | | Explanation need | ded here | |

| | Example: Just opening the Bible and first verse you see you take as God speaking. That <u>can</u> happen, however |
|----|--|
| | A) Example: A situation of hopelessness comes, then, you are reading and the verses seem to leap off the page. |
| | B) God's word always reveals that <u>there is hope</u> . |
| | C) Learn to encourage yourself in the scriptures. |
| | D) Example: A face of someone you know comes before you as you are reading a verse. They may be: ill, in trouble, need or etc. |
| 3) | Studying the word |
| | 2 Timothy 3: 15-17 |
| 4) | Colossians 3:14-17 We can call this "Logos word" or "said word". |
| | God speaks by His <u>logos</u> word for: |
| | A) The way we are to live |
| | B) The way we are to be |
| | Rhema word is for: A) Specific situation |

- B) Specific time
- C) Specific instruction

Examples of Logos word can be found in:

- A) Galatians 5:22-23
- B) Matthew 5:3-12
- 5) God's word is already anointed, but when He desires to speak specifically through it, there seems to be <u>life</u> or <u>power</u> on a verse that is beyond normal.
- 6) God gives "directions" by <u>Logos</u>andHe gives "inspiration and faith" by <u>Rhema</u>.
 - A) Acting on Logos produces RESULTS.

Acting on Rhema produces POWER and DELIVERANCE.

NOTE: Do not just take a verse at random and say, "This is God's Rhem to me." That can produce disappointment.

B) "Rhema word" means, God said this specifically to you.

For example: The word came alive and that <u>promise</u>, <u>instruction</u> or <u>answer</u> is yours.

C) We can <u>claim</u> promises and they will come to pass.

For example: Claim the <u>Logos</u> which will produce faith then when faith is conceived, it will produce the conditions of the promise or the willingness to walk it out.

- D) There is a space between:
 - 1) Believing what is promised, and

| ^ | D | 4 | |
|-----|-----------|---|----------|
| 2.) | Receiving | what is | promised |
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- E) Confessing the Logos will bring it around to Rhema when it is in line with the will of God for you.
- F) Do not just name and claim, but "TALK IT AND WALK IT".
- G) Romans 4:17 "He called those things which be not (are not yet) as though they were"

Romans 10:17 - "Faith cometh by hearing"

When God speaks His word and we believe it, we then should declare that Rhema word to our situation.

Proverbs 18:22 – "Death and life are in the power of the tongue."

Declare, speak boldly what God has said by <u>Rhema</u> word and keep declaring it until it comes to pass.

Mark 11:23

Ezekiel 32: 4

LESSON V – VOLUME I

HOW DOES GOD SPEAK?

1) THROUGH PROPHETIC UTTERANCE

The old and new Testaments are filled with incidents, times and reasons where God spoke by "prophetic utterance".

Legalism has tried to take that away from God's people. Not just in the historic or mainline denomination, but in the full gospel movement as well.

Luke 11:52 - Read

A) Prophetic Utterance

Definition: God's voice through the voice of man speaking audibly what He will do or wants done.

It normally comes without preparation on the part of the one who is being used -

- On the other hand -

It can also come through one writing what God says.

1) Prophets of old were used to give God's "voice word" of instruction or rebuke or direction.

Today, in this Dispensation of Grace, God's Prophets will speak, but always in the love and compassion of God.

A) "The Spirit of the Lord came upon..."

Literal translation is, "The spirit of the Lord clothed Himself with (whoever)".

2 Corinthians 15:1

1 Corinthians 12:18

Colossians 2:9 -

Read

God clothes Himself with the flesh of Jesus.

B) 2 Chronicles 20:14 - Jehoshaphat

1 Chronicles 28: 10-13 - David gives plans for God's Temple

2 Chronicles 32:1-8 - Hezekiah

1 Kings 17:8-24 - Elijah gives personal Prophetic word to a widow

2 Kings 3:6-20 - Elisha gives Prophetic Utterance

NOTE: Through the Old Testament we see the awesome examples of God speaking through the mouths of His servant.

<u>Prophetic Utterance</u> is "God's Spirit clothing Himself with man in order to speak".

The Holy Spirit clothes Himself with the person and speaks what is isn the mind and heart of God.

C) 2 Chronicles 24:20

The king had Prophet Zechariah stoned because of the Prophetic Utterance.

NOTE: There are too many times throughout scripture when God spoke by Prophetic Utterance to mention them all.

God did not speak through everyone nor was His anointing available to everyone like it is in the New Covenant.

In the Old Testament, if popel heard from God it was through His prophets. Know this, God has not done away with Prophets or Prophetic Utterance.

Religious, unlearned legalists will dispute that. But, God needs no defense for His actions, nor will He allow man to effectively deny His power.

1 Corinthians 13:9-10

- D) Prophetic Utterance is "The Word of the Lord"
- B) Joel 2:28-30

Acts 2

The prophesy for the early church and this end time hour and the glorious church has not ended, but is continuing to be fulfilled.

C) 1 Corinthians 12:6:11

God speaks through the gifts of the Holy Spirit.

| 1) The Gifts of the Holy Spirit can be categorized: | | |
|---|--|--|
| | | |
| Gifts of Prophecy | | |
| Gifts of Divers Tongues | | |
| Gifts of Interpretation of Tongues | | |
| | | |
| 2) Three gifts that do (power gifts) | | |
| Gift of Healing | | |
| Gift of Working of Miracles | | |
| Gift of Faith | | |
| | | |
| 3) Three gifts that reveal (revelation gifts) | | |
| Word of Knowledge | | |
| Word of Wisdom | | |
| Discerning of Spirits | | |
| | | |
| 4) Prophecy | | |
| Since we are talking about "Prophetic Utterance", let us look at Prophecy | | |
| | | |
| A) There is "The gift of Prophecy" spoken of in 1 Corinthians 12:10 | | |
| | | |
| Prophecy means: | | |
| To speak forth or declare | | |
| , | | |

- 2) To speak or foretell future events by divine inspiration
- 3) To speak the heart, mind and plan of God
- 4) One Hebrew translation: To take that which is fallen behind and push it forth into the future.

NOTE: Just because one Prophesies by the Gift of Prophecy does not make him or her a "Prophet" or "Prophetess".

- 1 Corinthians 14:1
- 1 Corinthians 14:39
- B) Ephesians 4:11-12

The ministry of the Prophet is in the category of "The Five Fold Ministry" or "The Five Ministry Gifts". These Gifts which will be discussed at the end of this lesson.

Many have confused these with the Gifts of the Holy Spirit.

For example: Anyone who is filled or baptized in or with the Holy Spirit can be used in the Gift of Prophecy as the Holy Spirit inspires.

BUT

Not just anyone can decide "I am a Prophet or Prophetess".

The ministry of a Prophet is divinely called and ordained of God and what that one prophesies <u>will</u> come to pass.

| C) | Purpose of Prophets in the New Testament Church |
|----|---|
| | Ephesians 4:12 |

D) 1 Chronicles 12:18 - Read

For Example: "The Spirit of the Lord <u>clothed</u> Himself with Amasai". (Hebrew)

- E) How does one recognize a true Prophet?
- F) How does one know when the Gift of Prophecy (1 Corinthians 12:10) will work?
- G) What are the guidelines for allowing Prophecy of "The Gift of Prophecy" in the church?

1 Thessalonians 5:19-20 1 Corinthians 14:31

NOTE: Do not confuse the Interpretation of Tongues for Gift of Prophecy.

PROPHETIC UTTERANCE is another way God speaks to His children.

5) The Five Fold Ministry Gifts

Ephesians 4:11

Apostle

Prophet

Evangelist

Pastor

Teacher

IN THIS LESSON WE HAVE LEARNED A FEW OF THE WAYS GOD SPEAKS.